جورون مَا يمزديمِسية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزيّرعن الرُّسسة بصحفية الأردنية «الرأي «

King Khaled, Arafat discuss M.E.

AMMAN, July 14 (R). — King Khaled of Saudi Arabia today conferred with Palestine Liberation Organisation leader Yasser Arafat, Riyadh Radio reported. The meeeting was attended by Crown Prince Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz and Foreign Minister Prince Saudi Al Faisal, the radio and Foreign Minister Prince Sandi Ai Faisai, the fadio added. The radio did not say when Mr. Arafat arrived in Sandi Arabia or what was discussed in the meeting. Mr. Arafat yesterday discussed with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat Middle East developments and obstacles to reconvening the Geneva peace conference. He also conferred with two members of a delegation of U.S. Congressmen touring the Middle East.

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\*Card

AMMAN, FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1977 — RAJAB 28, 1397

### Power failure strikes New York. turns it into night-time jungle

IEW YORK, July 14 (R).—

Level York city was virtually faralysed today after a single olt of lightning knocked out a power supply, touching off an orgy of looting and arson a sephonrhoods.

eighbourhoods. As authorities struggle to retore power after the city's seond big blackout in 12 years, lew York was counting the ost of a night of near anachy in its slums.

Police arrested more than ,500 people for looting. Hundreds of fires were stared in parts of the Bronx, Bro-klyn and Manhattan and some "ciremen came under sniper fire "-s they went in to fight the

The violence marked a ma-cor departure from New York's ast blackout in 1965, when the ity remained generally calm : hroughout 10 bours of darkn-

The power went off at 9:34 .m. last night when a bolt of ightning hit a power transforener 80 kms. north of the city. Officials of the Consolida-ed Edison (Con Ed) Power Company said the crimpling of '1 he transformer, combined with violent electrical storm and thuge demand for power at the time, overwhelmed the sys-

-- Mayor Abraham Beame, who eclared a state of emergency , nd warned tourists and resirients to stay off the streets - ecause of the violence, angri-....y demanded to know why ......imerica's biggest city had to ndergo another big blackout. "At 4:20 a.m. I told Charles .uce of Con Ed that he shoild be prepared to explain to he how a blackout could oc-ur after they told us in 1965 t couldn't happen again," Mr.

leame said. Mr. Luce, chairman of Conplidated Edison, blamed the More than 15 hours after the ights went out for about 10 nillion people in the city and ts northern suburbs, Mr. Beane told reporters: "I want to express my total outrage that the city of New York is still

vithout power."
He told a press conference hat prospects for full restoraion of power were still vague and denounced Con Ed for gross negligence." Electricity red to about half the city by nid-day, but the centre of Machattan was still without pow-

Mr. Beame said New Yorkers
nad been "needlessly subjected
to a night of terror in many communities that have been wantonly looted and hurned."

Asked about Mr. Luce's description of the blackout as an act of God, the mayor angrily replied: "I'm not a minister. I can't answer that question." He said one fireman had died and about 25 were injured while fighting fires a nd 1,625 fire alarms had been received during the night. Of these, all but 576 were false alarms. . Con Ed officials were not able to say why their elaborate equipment designed to avoid blackouts failed last night. They said their first priority

was to restore power. Lights began flickering on in scattered areas as early as 2:30 a.m. today but power company officials said full power was not expected to be restored

Throughout the night, offi-cials urged New Yorkers still listening on transistor radios to switch off their air conditioners and other appliances even though the machines were de-

They warned that a sudden demand for electricity once power was restored could result in another and even more da-

maging blackout.
The blackout came on a hot, sweltering night and temporarily trapped thousands in sub-ways and elevators. Although the subways use an independ-

#### Arab League drops proposal for foreign ministers meet

CAIRO, July 14 (R). - The Arab League has dropped a Libyan proposal for a foreign ministers meeting to prepare an Arah summit because of lack of support, Arah League assistant Secretary General Sayed Nofal said today.

He said that only six out of 21 members had agreed to attend the meeting, due to prepare for an Arab summit conference requested by the Libyan Jamahiriyeh (formerly Libya).

These were North and South Yemen, the jamahiriyeh, Tunl-sia, the Palestine Liberation Organisation and the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

Libya called for the Arab summit last month to discuss Middle East developments and inter-Arah relations.

Egypt rejected the idea and several other states wanted a further study of the venue of the proposed meeting, which the Libyans suggested should be Tripoli.

taken a decision on whether it

will send troops to belp main-

tain peace in the interim period

before independence in Rhode-

sia next year, a Foreign Office spokesman said here today.

Foreign Secretary David Owen is said to be consider-

ing sending a small number of

British officers to head securi-ty forces in Rhodesia during

But the government is dee-

ply divided over the tentative

plan, sources close to the ca-hinet said today.

man refused to comment di-rectly on the reported split wi-

thin the government. But Whl-

tehall sources made clear that

the government had never con-

The Foreign Office spokes-

the interim period.

nals were knocked out.

Without traffic lights to regulate them, motorists tried to inch their way through clog-ged streets, directed by civivolunteers.

Most hospitals were able to operate with emergency generators. But in at least two -including Manhattan's Mian Bellevue public hospital -- the emergency equipment hroke down. Doctors and medical students rushed to apply artificial respiration to critically ill pa-

Despite the reports of widespread lawlessness in the poor sections of the city, other New Yorkers found the blackout a time to talk to strangers, start up street parties and trade stories about the last hig power

failure. Few seemed to follow Mayor Beame's auggestion to stay off the streets and looted clothes. liquor, food and anything else they could find. On one street in the Bronx, north of Man-hattan island, one weary policeman stared bopelessly at a

row of looted shops.

"It's all gone," be said. "After tonight, there won't be a food shop left in the Bronx." As alarms poured into fire stations a fire department spo-kesman admitted: "We are stretched beyond our limit." Mayor Beame tried to play

down the reports of crime, saying they were grossly exag-But policemen and firemen on duty in the tenament-lined streets of the city took issue

with the mayor. Even armed, helmeted policemen seemed frightened by the near collapse of social order.
"What does the mayor know? He's not bere," one fire-

man said, And in the Bronx, a policeman told a reporter: "Large parts of the Bronx is in a shambles. With my salary, what

the hell do I have to go thro-ugh this for?"

New York State Governor Hugh Carey put the National Guard state militia on alert, but later discovered that many guardsmen were at summer training camps near the Canadian

Britain undecisive over despatch

of peace-keeping troops to Rhodesia

Yesterday, Dr. Owen told the

Commons that he was studying

the possibility of "bringing to-

gether the Rhodesian army and

such a move would have vir-

tually no chance of aucceeding

unless the unified forces were

placed under British command. However, even a limited Bri-

tish military presence is regar-

ded as dangerous by some ca-hinet members, notably Denis Healey, Chancellnr of the Ex-chequer and Energy Minister

Tony Benn, who fear that It

might gradually lead Britain into an African "Vietnam". The Foreign Office spokes-

American plan was "not dead".

But observers noted that

nationalist liberation forces".

### Lebanon receives tanks from Jordan

AMMAN, July 14 (R). - Jordan has given Lebanon military assistance to help rebuild its army and Internal Security Forces, it was announced here today.

The Jordan News Agency said the assistance consisted of Saladin armoured cars and Sarassin troop

The vehicles were delivered to the Lebanese army during an official ceremony in Riyaq airbase, east Lebanon, last Tuesday, the agency added. The ceremony was attended by the Lebanese Inte-

rior Minister Dr. Salah Salman, army commander Brig. Victor Khoury and a number of Lebanese offi-

In a speech delivered on the occasion, Dr. Salman thanked His Majesty King Hussein for this gesture and outlined Jordan's role in helping Lebanon.

Members of the Jordanian military mission accompanying the vehicles also attended the ceremony. Brig. Khoury visited Jordan on July 2.

#### Begin sets off for Washington today

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin sets off for Washington tomorrow with Middle East peace proposals which seemed certain to fall far short of any minimum demands being made by Arab leaders.

The proposals were unanimously approved yesterday by the Israeli cabinet. Mr. Begin declined to make public any details, insisting that President Jimmy Carter must be the first to bear them.

But sources close to the Is-raeli government said Mr. Begin gave no sign of having shifted significantly from the stand be took after gaining power in last May's general elections.

According to these sources, the furthest Mr. Begin would be prepared to go would be to allow increased self-rule for West Bank Arabs while maintaining Israeli military control

He conceded that the issue

of law and order during the interim period prior to indepe-ndence in Rhodesia posed se-

rious difficulties and that it

would receive priority atten-

tion at the upcoming talks be-tween Dr. Owen and U.S. Se-

cretary of State Cyrus Vance

in Washington on July 23 and

proposal about this crucial is-

sue would he included in the

peace "package" which Dr. Owen plans to submit to the

interested parties after the Wa-

peacekeeping force be sent to

Rhodesia it would not include

U.S. troops and would not re-

ceive American "logistic sup-

He made clear that should a

shington consultations.

The spokesman said that any

Under such an arrangement, the sources said, administration of the West Bank area could revert to Jordan.

In addition, the sources said. Mr. Begin would almost certainly be prepared to offer further Israeli withdrawals from part of the Sinal desert and from the Golan Heights.

All of which appeared to have little chance of finding favour with any Arab leaders. Only yesterday Egypt's President Anwar Sadat declared that no peace could come while a single Israeli soldier remained in the occupied Arab territo-

But government sources stressed that Mr. Begin would not necessarily regard his proposals as the last Israeli word. Officials bere have describ-

ed Mr. Begin's proposals as "the framework of a plan to foster peace progress."

Diplomatic observers said Mr. Begin's immediate aim seemed to be an interim settlement, leaving a permanent peace pact to be worked out later. Mr. Begin's proposals were not confined to Israel's opposition Lahour Alignment which lost power last May. 'They were not told what was in the plan," said Cabinet Secretary Arye

Mr. Begin is due to open his talks with President Carter on Tuesday July 19. The talks are expected to last two days.

The prime minister will land in New York, where he is expected to spend the weekend in private talks before flying on to Washington.

#### Carter satisfied with W. German economic plans

WASHINGTON, July 14 (R) President Carter said today he was completely satisfied with plans outlined by Chancellor Helmut Schmidt for managing the West German economy, which the United States believes has been expanding too slowly.

Answering a reporter's question at the end of a 90minute final meeting with Herr Schmidt at the White House, Mr. Carter said: "We're prefectly satisfied with the plans the Chancellor described to us and the prospects for the West Ge-

But be declined to give details of the West German leader's proposals.

"Til let him describe it, but we're perfectly happy about it," he said.

the United States was dismayed over West Germany's slowing economic performance and concerned that this would adversely affect the economies and politics of other West European countries.

### U.S. wants to avoid showdown with North Korea over helicopter incident

SEOUL, July 14 (R). — A U.S. military helicopter strayed across the Korean demilitarised zone and was shot down by North Korean troops today. Three American crewmen were killed and a fourth captured hy the North Koreans.

The United States called for a "prompt explanation" from North Korea, but said the intrusion into North Korean airspace was "unintentional and regrettable."

In Washington, President Ca-rter told a group of senetors that the United States wanted the North Koreans to know that the U.S. was not trying to enter a confrontation with

In contrast with the major crisis sparked last August when two American officers were killed in a dispute with North Korean guards about the cut-ting down of a tree in the de-militarised zone, no special al-ert of American or South Korean forces was ordered.

The American-led United Nations command asked for an immediate meeting at the truce village of Panmunjom. North Korea declined and suggested talks on Saturday morning.

In Washington, White House Press Secretary Jody Powell told reporters that the Chnook helicopter had been hit by North Korean fire as it crossed the demilitarised zone and the pilot had landed to inspect the

When North Korean troops approached the aircraft, the pilot took off again and was shot down.

He said that at last report the belicopter was on the North Korean side of the buffer strip lying at least partially

Reporters in Washington overheard President Carter telling a group of senators that there had been an "exchange of gunfire", but Mr. Powell la-ter said that it was not known whether the Americans had done any shooting.
It was not even known if

they were armed, he said, and the helicopter itself was not equipped with weapons. The helicopter was on a traasport mission, helping in the construction of a U.N. observation post near the DMZ.

Mr. Carter also told the senators: "We are trying to let them know a mistake was made by the crew in entering the demilitarised zone." He said that South Korean troops had fired warning shote to alert the American airmen that they had strayed over the DMZ.

North Korea's Central News Agency, in its brief report of the incident, monitored in Hong Kong said:
"An armed helicopter of the
U.S. forces at nine hours 55

minutes July 14 infiltrated deep into the portion of our side across the military demar-cation line in the eastern sector of the front. "The helicopter of the U.S.

forces which illegally intruded deep into the air above our side in violation of the military armistice agreement was brought down in the portion of our side by the gunfire of the Korean People's Army. Three of the crewmen of

the U.S. forces aboard the hellcopter died and one other was captured alive. An investigation is under way on the spot of the illegal intrusion of the armed helicopter of the U.S.

The United Nations command senior armistice delegate, U.S. R. Adm. Warren Hamm, sent a message to his North Korean counterpart, Maj. Gen. Han Ju-Kyong, saying: "I request the crew and the helicopter be returned immediately to United Nations command authorities. 1 further request that every consideration be given

the crew by your side.
"We are deeply concerned about the regrettable incident and request prompt information from your side."

The U.N. command proposed a meeting of the Joint Mi-litary Armistica Commission at 18:00 local time today. The North Koreans replied, sugges-ting a meeting on Saturday morning at 11:00 local time. Subsequent UN requests for meetings at 20:00 local time tomorrow were ignored by the North Koreans, a U.N. spokesfire over the western sector of the 240 km. demilltarised zo-

man said. The commission can meet only after both sides have agreed on a time -- a process that normally takes one or two

The incident involving the twin-engined CH-47 Chinook helicopter came just 11 days before U.S. Defence Secretary Harold Brown was due in Se-oul for talks with South Korean Defence Minister Suh Jyong-Chul on a U.S. plan to withdraw its 33,000 ground forces from South Korea.

Mr. Suh told the National Assembly bere last month that, apparently in an effort to avoid upsetting Washington over lts withdrawal plans, North Korea has avolded provocative acts since two American officers were killed in a border incident involving tree-trimming operations at Panmunjom last Aug. 18. Mr. Powell said in Washin-

gton bat the president bad no intention of changing his mind about withdrawing all American ground combat forces from

South Kores over the next for ur or five years. Today's incident was the first of its kind since an unarmed U.S. army helicopter was sbot down hy North Korean ground

Price: 50 fils

ne on Aug. 16, 1969. Three crewmen from the helicopter -- two nfficers and a soldier -- survived and returned home in December that year after prolonged negotiations at the armistice comm-

Coincidentally, the Chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, Gen. George Brown, testified before Congress today about U.S. plans to withdraw from South Korea.

He said that the U.S. military leaders could not support President Carter's withdrawal plans unless Congress provided the funds needed to strengthen South Korea's armed forces. If the military aid program-

me was accompanied by strong visible U.S. commitment to support South Korea, "then only an irrational act of a serious miscalculation would lead to war," Gen. Brown said. But he added that the history of North Korean leader Kim Il-Sung 'has led to some doubt about his being ratio-

### Toubou rebels escalate attacks in northern Chad

July 14 (AFP). Toubou tribesmen backed by Libyan troops were reported to have launched attacks on Chad government strongholds in northern Chad in a dramatic escalation of the 12-yearlong Toubou rebellion.

Diplomatic sources in Tunis said Toubou rebels had captured the Tibesti town of Bardai on July 5, after besieging it since June 22. Chad government forces had also been forced to abandon Ounianga-Kebir, Eouar and Kirdimi to the rehels, they said.

In Ndjamena several thousand people turned out on the streets to protest Libya's "oc-cupation" of parts of northern

In a message to President Felix Malloum they called on Libya to withdraw immediately from the northern town of Aouzou and to cease interferenca in Chad's affairs.

In Cairo, Al Ahram, the Eg-yptian semi-official newspaper, reported that a combined force of 1000 Libyan troops and 350 Toubous had launched attacks

in Chad's Tibesti region. Libya bad moved 50 tanks and armoured vehicles into the area and had begun to patch up old air strips to prepare for an airborne offensive against Chadian forces, it said. Al Ahram said the operation

was aimed at setting up a pro-Libyan Toubou state in the Tibesti region as part of a higger plan which threatened other African and nationalist regimes like Chad. An estimated 80,000 nomadic Toubous inhabit the Tibesti

region and parts of Libya and Niger, roaming regardless across national frontiers. Part of the Toubous support

the Algiers-based Frolinat (Chad Liberation Front) led hy Abba Uiddick while a splinter group represents the Frolinat second army under Goukouni Queddai.

Libya says that it is working for national reconciliation in Chad. It acknowledges that nal affairs of that state but says it will brook no foreign

#### Explosion kills 9, injures 20 in Lebanon

BEIRUT, July 14 (R). — At least nine people were killed and about 20 injured when an explosion destroyed a store selling shotguns in Baalbeck last night, police sources said here today. The blast also destroyed

three nearby houses in the historic town, 85 kms. east of here, the sources said. No details of tha cause of the explosion were immediately

In Sidon, travellers from the area said that three Israeli warplanes broke the sound barrier over southern Lebanon's sensitive border area, which saw little fighting today.

There were sporadic exchanges of artillery fire in the eastern sector of the front including Marjeyoun, beld by rightists, and Khiam, controlled by a Palestinian-leftist alliance,

according to the travellers. They reported material damage but no casualties. The other sectors, including the Bint Jbail area, were relatively quiet after overnight shelling, and the western sector, including Yarin and Naqoura, was calm,

Normal traffic was seen between villages of the western sector and Tyre. Fighting has continued in south Lebanon after ending in other parts of the country last

November. In Beirut, rightwing Phala-ngist Party leader Pierre Ge-mayel called for a direct dialogue between the Lebanese Front and the leftwing parties and Islamic grouping.

Speaking to reporters after e call on President Elias Sarkis, Mr. Gemayel said he was not making the proposal on behalf of the Lebanese Front. "But I believe that the time has come for a dialogue bet-

veen us," he added. Mr. Gemayel said he had discussed with President Sarkis the means of dealing with the situation in south Lebanon.

He said in reply to a question that observance of agreements was the only means of ending tension in that area. The Phalangist leader said

he would leave on Saturday for a tour of Morocco and Tunisia at the bead of a party delegation for talks with officials in the two countries.

### Swedish cabinet hears report on suspected Red Army operation against OPEC ministers

LONDON, July 14 (AFP). – The British government has not yet on a major scale".

STOCKHOLM, July 14 (R). — Swedish security officials today questioned a man suspec-ted to be a leading member of the Japanese Red Army gue-rrilla organisation and who they believe was planning to take part in some kinw of opera-tion during the meeting here of OPEC oil ministers. The Swedish government met today and heard a report on the case from Foreign Minister Kain Soeder. Steps are being taken to provide the unnamed man arrested yesterday with a defenca lawyer, a Foreign Office spokesman said.

Police say the man is on their list of aliens to be exchaded from the country and thay have lodged a request for his deportation as soon as civilformalities have been conclu-

They said proceedings might take some days to complete, fear is that Sweden may be-first to establish the man's come an undercover safe resi-

identity beyond all doubt and then to give the government time to study the report on

his interrogation. Police believe there is a connection between the man's presence in Sweden and the meeting of 13 ministers from states in the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OP-EC) which ended yesterday.

Police say they suspect the man planned to take part in some kind of guerrilla operation during the meeting. He was travelling on a forged Dutch passport when arrested. they added.

Sweden's policy of admitting refugees who claim sanctuary from political harassment and imprisonment in their own co-untries, combined with Scandinavia's generally relaxed border controls, have presented police here with a special security problem. Their greatest

dence for guerrillas from all over the world to assemble and train for some operation. They say guerrillas in the past have assembled large amounts of cash, arms and ammunition together with a wide range of electronic devices useful for monitoring conversations or ente-

ring homes. Police say they have lived off large sums collected by robbing wall safes attached to banks in and around Stock-

A special police alert has been in operation in the Stockholm area this week as the oil ministers -- considered prime kidnap targets -- flew to and from their conference site in helicopters or in heavily guarded convoys of cars. In 1975 ten oil ministers were seized at their Vienna head-

quarters and flown off by urhan guerrillas. This week's OPEC meeting took place at Saltsjoebaden,

a small resort town 24 kms. east of Stockholm. It was chosen for its isolated position on a small peninsula which is easily guarded. Police here drafted reinforcements from other parts of the country to pro-vide a 400-man screen for the visiting ministers and confirmed they are seeking a link between the arrested man and a group of alleged urban guerrillas arrested in March and

This group was charged with plotting to kidnap a Swedish woman politician and hold her to ransom for the freeing of members of the Baader Meinhof guerrilla group imprisoned in West Germany. Two of the men arrested in

March were identified as Germans and were alleged by Swedish police to be members of the Baader Meinhof group. They were deported to West Germany under an escort of West German security officials.

rman economy."

Administration officials, on the eye of Herr Schmidt's arrival here, had said

#### Jordan Times Bu indrumdint Arab selamat and published bethe Indan Dress Inchesion Board of Ottectary Wanaging Editor Jenab Tutunji Indira Bagada Deputy Managing Editor Rafa Elisab Bassath Bishuti Mahagada Adam Editorial Staff Malinared Al Kas

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#### True to his words

President Carter's attempt to avoid a confrontation with North Korea over the shooting down of a U.S. military helicopter speaks more loudly for his intention to pursue a brave new policy of coexistence end is a greater contribution towards detente than enything demanded of him to date.

it is facile but not always wise for a country that wields the military might of the United States to seek a confrontation with a weaker power - - irresgective of who is to blame for the incident in the first

No doubt Mr. Carter's detractors will accuse him of political naivete for not adopting a tough stand on the issue in the grand old American tradition. They could point out that Mr. Carter will fall flat on his face unless there is a sympathetic response from the other side. He could be inviting severe embarrass-

They might also argue that he has thrown away his trump card by saying that the helicopter incident will not influence his decision to withdraw American troops from South Korea over the coming five years. Yet no other action could as effectively convince the North Koreans of Mr. Carter's good intentions. It is the most eloquent argument he could muster and should serve to defuse tension as no other act could.

It would not be wise for the North Koreans to take advantage of Mr. Carter through any serious follow-up provocations. That is not to say they might not seek to embarrass the United States, but that is E far cry from bringing about a confrontation.

Mr. Carter can thus take advantage of the intimidating military might of the United States without resorting to threats or using the language of confrontation. His stand is conciliatory, not soft, it is courageous for it gives priority not to saving face but to actual results in the field and consequences for de-

President Carter has followed a tough policy on human rights. It is significant that he is seeking to defuse the tension resulting from this incident, which could have far more precipitate results.

In a speech at South Bend, Indiana in May of this year, Mr. Carter said this is "a new world that sails for a new American foreign policy," adding that in relation to China and the Soviet Union "even if we cannot heal ideological divisions, we must reach accommodations that reduce the risk of war."

He is being true to his words.

### Racial harmony is at stake in Fiji's forthcoming elections

and the country waited for

Federation Party members to

form a government. But the

winning side appeared strange-

ly reluctant to take up the

reins of power and the gov-

ernor general reappointed Ratu

Sir Kamisese as prime minis-ter at the head of a minority

Ratu Sir George Cakobau

said he acted under Fiji's constitution, which gives him po-

wer to appoint as prime ml-

nister the parliamentarian he

considers can command most

a leadership struggle in the Federation Party and its inde-

cisiveness led to his decisioo.

The fight is between a group led by Opposition leader

Siddig Koya, and one headed by party Presideot Mrs. Irene

Narayan aod General Secreta-

wrongs of the governor general's actions in installing the

Alliance and dissolving the

House is likely to continue for

the way the first 1977 election

produced signs of some racial

Indian Fijian Nationalist Party

making its first appearance at the polls, drew about one-qu-

arter of the Fijian votes cast.

ticians see the new party's platfor- as the reason for a

reduction in Indian support for

the Alliance and a correspond-

ing rise in Indian support for

the governor general had agre-

ed to the amendment's request,

Fiji would have its first Indian

The Fijian Nationalist Party

leader, Saileas Butadroka, says

that an Indian prime minister

would prove his basic point: Fiji'a constitution lacks proper

safeguards for the Fijian peo-

ple in their own land, where

immigrant peoples outnumber

provisions in the constitution

It does not stipulate that Fiji must always have a Fijian prime minister and Fijian gov-

Butadroka ardently believes

the constitution should include

such stipulations and he has

even suggested that only Fiji-

No matter how abborrent

Butadroka's philosophy may be to most Flji citizens, his party will play a key role in

Fili's complicated electoral

system returns 52 members

from two types of constituen-

the new election campaign.

ans should be M.P.s.

Although there are strong

prime minister.

prote

ernor general.

Some observers said that if

Some Federation Party poli-

olarisation in Fiji. The anti-

A more immediate issue is

Discussion of the rights and

ry Karam Ramrakha.

Observers believe reports of

Alliance government.

support in the House.

Fift is facing a second election this year. Last April the Prime Minister, Ratu Sir Kamisese Mara, lost the election but stayed in office. The opposition was extraordinarily reluctant to take over. But now a new election has been forced. Racial harmony is at stake: The indian population of Fiji is more than 50 per cent of

By John Vile

SUVA, Fiji (Gemini) - Race relations will be a key issue in Fiji's second general election this year, expected in early September. The election campaign will be the most hitterly contested in the island country's political history, judging by comments during a debate in the House of Representa-

The debate dealt with an opposition National Federation Party (NFP) amendment to a motion of confidence in the Alliance Party minority gov-

Ratu Sir Kamisese Mara, Prime Minister since indepen-dence in 1970, introduced the motion and the opposition immediately brought in its am-endment. The Federation Party called on Fiji's Governor General, Ratu Sir Genrge Cakobau, to appoint it as government if he received advice from the prime minister to dissolve the House.

Under Fiji's constitution, the governor general can appoint a prime minister in only such circumstances as after a general election or if the holder

of the office resigns or dies. If he accepts the prime minister's advice to dissolve the House of Representatives, the constitution gives him no alternative hut to call a fresh general election. Because of the way the constitution is written, the National Federation Party amendment to the government motion was a lost

It went through the House after voting on party lines and Ratu Sir Kamisese immediately advised the governor general to dissolve the House.

The speaker adjourned it indefinitely on June I, leaving only cabinet ministers in office as an executive govern-

The session was the shortest parliamentary sitting in Fiji's history and followed the country's second general election since it ceased to

colony. Early in April, the Indian-led National Federation Party found it had won 26 of the 52 seats in the House of Representatives. The Fijian-led Alliance Party gained 24 seats in a surprise defeat after ruling Fiji for nearly 11 years.

The founder of the racially extremist Fijian Nationalist Party took one seat and an independent Fijian chief won another.

The Alliance resigned soon after the final election results

nal. Electors are divided into three groups by race -- Fijilan, Indian and general (people of races other than the two main ones, such as Europeans and Fijian and Indian electors

return 12 candidates each in their communal seats, and general electors return three communal members. National roll constitueocies return 10 Fijian and 10 Indian candidates and five general elector members.

Voting in a national roll constituency gives an elector a maximum of three votes -one for a Fijlan candidate, one for an Indian and one for a general candidate.

With his single vote in his communal seat, each Fiji el-ector therefore has a maximum of four votes.
In the last election the Fijian

Nationalist Party split the Fijian vote in some critical national roll constituencies to defeat Alliance candidates, including members of the former

Effectively, an anti-Indian political party handed these vital seats to an Indian-led Federation Party by drawing off traditional Fijian support for the Alliance.

The Fijian Nationalists are almost certain this time to follow the same tactics of putting up candidates in most national roll seats.

For the National Federation Party, the election campaign is difficult.

Its leadership struggle is still simmering and a big handicap could be the fact that it government within its grasp after 11 years in oppo-sition, yet failed to seize the

day.

The NFP will offer a platform of educational and social improvements for the community as a whole. Alliance candidates will campaign on their party's solid record of national achievement and its well-charted course for a prosperous future.

As some top Federation Party men see it, the emergence of the Fijian Nationalists will drive more Indians into the NFP camp than before.

Although the Federation Party has become increasingly multiracial, it had its origin among Indian cane farmers and is still largely regarded as an "Indian party".

polarisation of most Indians in the NFP and a sigcentage of Fijians in the Nationalist Party will leave the Alliance a party of modera-tion -- as it has been since it was founded in 1965.

The Alliance's message has heen a consistent ooe of multiracial harmony as the only

path for Fiji.

Results of the general election in September will indicate whether most of the nation's people accept this philosophy -- and whether Fiji will continue to be an example of social unity in racial diversity to the rest of the world.

#### as Australia decides on uranium The Australian government is expected soon to authorise the start of uranium mining in an area of the Northern Territory which the aborigines have called their own for 25,000 years. A commission of inquiry, appointed to examine the Ranger mine project, recommended that there was no reason why mining should not go ahead provided the government introduced strict safeguards to avoid polluting the area and that the rights of the

By John Lombard

aboriginal people were protected.

CANBERRA, Australia (Gemini) — The Australian government is expected to give the go ahead in the next few months to the development of land at the tip of the Northern Territory that has been oc-cupied by aborigines for more than 25,000 years.

Although white men first begao exploring the area about 150 years ago few stayed to develop it. But now, with the discovery of uranium, it is planned to mine the land.

The decision is not being welcomed by the aborigines, for it will mean the end of dreamtime.

The most important bond the traditional aboriginal man has with anybody or anything is with land which he usually refers to as "his country". It is a religious bond and is tied up with his concept of the "dreaming".

According to aboriginal lore, before the "dreaming" the land existed but it was without shape or life. Then "spirit beings," or "dreamtime heroes", travelled over the land creating the physical features and all living things including the people. All land has a religious significance for aborigines, but sites associated with the spirit beings are particularly important.

Uranium will first come from the Ranger mine, but under the terms of an environmental report just published there will have to be very strict safe-guards to protect the aboriginal sites in the area from pollu-

The author of the report, Mr. Justice Russell Fox, chief udge of the Australian Capital Territory Supreme Court, who headed the three-man commission of inquiry into the Ranger mine, is very concerned about the effect of mining on the

aboriginal people.

But be acknowledged that recent legislation which gave to the aborigines the rights to the land had been a turning point. He said the changed attitude was not a matter of conscience but of justice for the aboriginal people.

"We deem it to be a matter of the highest national interest that those many aboriginal pe-ople who currently live less than what they themselves re-gard as dignified and purposeful lives should be given every possible encouragement & assistance to improve their position", he wrote in his report.

The sadness of the situation is best summed up by one ab-original leader who gave evi-dence to the commission. Silas Roberts told the commission bluntly that the white man was destroying all that the aborigi-oal people held dear.

"In my travels throughout Australia, I have met many aborigines from other parts who have lost their culture," be said. "They have always lost their land and by losing their land they have lost part of

Aboriginies wait in the balance

"By way of example, they are like Christians who have lost their souls and don't know where they are -- just wandering. We are worried that we



are losing a little bit all of the time. We keep our ceremony, our culture, but we are always

"We see white men as always pushing."

The problems are that the aboriginals are the largest ethnic group in the proposed mining area and the only one who considers the area their permanent home. Most of them continue to hold values and beliefs consistent with traditional aboriginal society and continue to recognise a religious relationship with land. They continue to hunt game and gather foods.

Mr. Justice Fox found that the aboriginals were faced with programmes involving rapid social change and which were causing a great deal of concern and difficulty for the people. He found 'at increasing numbers of aborigines were seeking refuge from the growing tensions and pressures either by withdrawing altogether or by seeking relief through

"The aboriginals of the region are a depressed group whose standards of living are far below those acceptable to the wider Australian society," he wrote. 'They are a community whose lives have been, and still are being, disrupted by the intrusions of an alien people. They feel the pressures of the white man's activities in relation to their land. In the face of mining exploration, and the threat of much further development, they feel helpless

"Their culture and their traditional social organisation do not enable them to cope with

the many problems and ques-tions to which this develop-ment gives rise. They feel har-assed by all the people who have descended upon them in recent times in connection with mining proposals. They do not consider the proposed develop-ment as being advantageous to them, as their concerns and values are different from those held by the white man."

The commission found that The commission round that excessive alcohol commission by a large proportion of the aboriginal people in the region was having a deletations effect on their general welfare. It felt that the future of their people would depend in large part on removing or substan-tially reducing the causes of

this problem.

Mr. Justice Fox has recommended that the whole area should be made into one huge national park, which should provide protection for all rare species of flora and fauna, rare habitats, and important aboriginal art and archaeological sites. cal sites.

He said that a large ir sudden influx of tourists be kept out of the area and that abori-ginals, if they are willing, be employed as rangers in the national park.

He spoke of the need to adopt a scheme designed to improve the morale of the people, enhance their walfare and reduce their alcohol dependance. He said that mining should be allowed to proceed only if taken in conjunction with decisions to respect aboriginal

land rights.
He felt it was imperative that change be made to various acts to enable aboriginal land acts to enable aboriginal land to become part of the propos-ed national park and that spe-cial arrangements be made to employ aboriginals at the mine if they wanted this. The gov-ernment has already laid down strict rules about the aboriginal people being entitled to royalties from the mining operations and particularly for the money which comes from royalties to be used to help

The problems of mining the uranium -- the fuel for molear power plants -- are enormous as far as it effects the aboriginal people.

Mr. Justice Fox noted the economic value of the uranium and of the millions of dollars that it will earn and came to the conclusion that the hazards of mining, if those activities were properly regulated and controlled, were not such as to justify a decision not to develop Australian uranium mines. This has been seen as giving the government the green light to allow mining to start.

But one significant recon mendation that tends to be overlooked spoke of the need for the Fox Commission's report to be followed absolutely and completely. It said that "no part of our proposals should be varied unless it is clear that alternatives will be pursued which will just as satisfactority achieve the same purposes and satisfy the same principles." The aboriginal poople are looking to the government to follow the Fox report very precisely.

#### ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

:crdanian dailies Thursday commented on the visit of His Majesty King Hussein to the southern Karak Governorate for the Silver Juhilee celebrations there.

AL RA'i said that the Karak Governorate's Silver Jubilee ceiebrations carry a special sigmiscance because the south, most than any other part of the country, is in intensive need of development. For this reason the development projects of the south must be given special attention in as fer as the Five-Year Plan is

The ambitions of the south are unlimited, the paper said. its first goal is to regain its starus in the past: A homeland of civilisations and cities inhabited by millions.

The ambitions of the people of the south can now be strengillened that their leader, the King, has met with them on the anniversary of Al Isra wa Ai Mi'raj feast, with its heroic

The paper concluded that the King, who shares the problems of his people and is aware of their ambitions, no doubt realises that the first and most important step for the development of the south must be the establishment of a univarsity there.

AL SHA'B said that it is customary for Hussein, who shares the ambitions and problems of his people, to meet them as he did on Wednesday in the Karak Governorate for the Silver Jubilee celebrations. Equally, the paper added, the people met their King as it is customary for citizens who are proud of their King as an enlightened leader. Thus, in Karak and in Moata, a nuptial of love took place; love which binds tha Jordanians to their

King.
The paper said that by this

mutual love difficulties can be transcended and a great deal can be accomplished for this mutual love gives hope for further accomplishments through mobilising the potentials of the Jordanians which they acquired by hard work over the past 25 years of Hussein's reign. The paper concluded by saying that this mutual love makes the Jordanians understand the Silver Juhilee not only as an evaluation of past accomplishments but also as an occasion to renew their loyalty.

AL DUSTOUR, in an editorial entitled "The great me-eting in the citadel of the south," said that southern Jordanians gathered on Wed-nesday to welcome their King and to re-express their loyalty to him.

The south, the paper said, has always been the particular concern of His Majesty who realises that it must be given an adequate chance to parti-cipate in the development of the country as a whole. Thus the south has been given par-ticular importance in the Five-Year Plan, which took into consideration the area's natural resources, its strategic position and its natural right to prosper as an integral part of the

larger Jordanian community. The paper added that there is no doubt that the inauguration of Martyr Feisal College at Moata, as the nucleus for a future university would , by training specialists in technology and the sciences, open avenues for the industrial progress in Jordan. It would, in turn, help the south to prog-ress economically and socially.

The paper concluded by saying that the warm welcome which the King was accorded in Karak will remain a sign of the people's renewed loyalty to

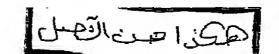






Jordan Intercontinental Hotel Tel. 42045

Travel&Shipping



#### Yugoslav media head states

# Solidarity is vital to achieve decolonisation of information

Cooperation and solidarity among the non-aligned nations is a must if its desire to decolonise the flow of information are to be achieved, according to the President of Yugoslav Radio and Television, Mr. Ismail Bajra, who was in Amman last week for the two-day meeting of a committee preparing the important Conference of Broadcasting Organisations of Non-aligned Countries to be held in his home country at the end of October. He stated that the conference must work towards correcting the blatant imbalance in the field of information so a genuine two-way flow of information can be achieved between the developing worlds.

#### By Lina Gress Special to the Jordan Times

Cooperation and solidarity among non-aligned countries, as well as greater collective self-reliance, will belp fight the monopoly set up by the developed world to propagate information in the manner it chooses, Mr. Ismail Bajra, Yugoslav radio and television head, stressed.

This will also challenge its denial of the Third World's right to inform and be informed objectively and accurately, he added.

Mr. Bajra, however, threw out a warning that lack of cooperation and differences among the family of non-aligned nations might give the developed world a chance to slip in and undermine everything the non-aligned movement is trying to do.

ing to do.
"So far we have not been able to face the developed world in the way we should have because we have not been united.

"With the adoption of a unified attitude and our emergency on the international scene, our broadcasting and television organisations will become a mighty weapon with which to fight all the negative phenomena and non-humanitarian approaches and to safeguard our political, national, economic and cultural values."

The character of such a policy stems from resolutions taken at the Colombo summit of non-aligned countries, which drew up the long-term guidelines for the non-aligned movement.

It is normal that radio and television organisations should play the role of ambassadors of rapprochement between the non-aligned countries. Since they are better informed about one another, they will hasten solidarity and the translation into practise of the aims and principles of non-alignment, Mr. Bajra emphasised.

Passive receivers

He pointed out that as an indication of the serious ina-

#### Prince Hassan to open RSS building centre

AMMAN (JNA). — The building materials research centre of the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) will be officially opened July 20 by His Highness Crown Prince Hassan:

The centre, set up by the Ministry of Public Works in 1972, became part of the RSS

dequacy and imbalance in the general information flow, some non-aligned countries have been reduced to being passive receivers transmitting information in their own countries from the point of view of the developed countries.

In this respect, Mr. Bajra stressed the importance of feeding the developed world's news agency pools with genuine information, especially on major international problems, such as the Middle East and

Rhodesian crises.

On the other hand, Mr. Bajra said: "We must admit that occasionally we ignore or underestimate information from our own sources and take it from sources in the developed world."

On an optimistic note, Mr. Bajra said that the establishment of a "coordinating centre", as proposed by Jordan, to bring together all activities would certainly lead to the effective utilisation of the existing satellite communication system for the pooling, dissemination and reciprocation of information between the developed and underdeveloped worlds.

Mr. Bajra expressed the hope that the Conference of Broadcasting Organisations of Nonaligned Nations will start the ball rolling for the promotion of future programme, information and expertise exchanges.

Furthermore, he stressed the need for an interim committee to follow up the implementation of conference decisions,

Mayor of Amman Ma'n Abu Nuwwar (centre in check shirt) helps in a cleaning up operation in

Jabai Jaufeh organised by Al Qadisiyeh Sports Club Thursday. (JNA photo).

#### NATIONAL NOTES

\* AMMAN. — His Majesty King Hussem Thursday received a cable of congratulations from U.S. President Jimmy Carter on the occasion of Princess Alia's marriage.

\* AMMAN. — His Majesty King Hussein Thursday sent a cable of good wishes to French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing on the occasion of France's national day.

\* AMMAN. — Minister of Information Adran Abu Odeh received the Spanish ambassador to Jordan, who presented him with a decoration bestowed upon him by King Juan Carlos during his recent visit to Jordan.

\* AMMAN. — Minister of Agriculture Salah Jum'a Thursday removed cucumbers from a ban on exports of vegetables due to an abundant crop here.



His Highness Crown Prince Hassan Thursday meets a five-man Australian group of M.P.s here to look into the aituation in the Middle East. (JNA photo).

#### KING HUSSEIN RECEIVES CABLE FROM ANWAR SADAT

AMMAN (INA). — His Majesty King Husseln Thursday received a cable from Egyptlan President Anwar Sadat in reply to the one be sent the Egyptian president at the end of his visit Sunday.

The Egyptian president thanked the King for the good wishes he expressed in the cable. He stated that their frank discussions, governed by complete understanding and feelings of Arab brotherhood, will boost the strong relations between the two people to their mutual benefit and that of the Arab

AMMAN (J.T.), — The prestigious French university, the

Sorbonne, is to give a major

boost to the University of Jor-

A cooperation agreement be-

tween Jordan's first university

and its Paris-based counterpart

was signed in May and instru-

### Ministry to carry out labour survey

AMMAN (JNA). — The Ministry of Labour Thursday instructed its offices in all governorates to carry out a comprehensive survey of all industries, which will be completed within a period of one month.

The survey will gather figures on the number of workers employed at each factory.

The ministry also asked for special emphasis to be put on the provision of public utilities and the existence of health and safety regulations in all factories.

ments of ratification exchang-

The two universities will co-

operate in the field of human

will be put on law, economics,

archaeology and history. Staff

exchanges and scholarships for

higher studies and joint scien-

9 clubs to

be set up

in Amman

AMMAN (JNA). - Amman Mumicipality will set up nine model clubs here in cooperation

with the Ministry of Culture and Youth, Mayor of Amman Ma'n Abu Nuwwar sald Thurs-

Mr. Abu Nuwwar, who was speaking at Al Qadisiyeb Sports Club here, added that the clubs

will consist of parks, recreation centres and sports facilities.

The municipality has completed plans for these clubs, wbich will cost JD 350,000, Am-

Mr. Abu Nuwwar visited the club to kick off its week of cleanliness, which it organised

man's mayor concluded.

ciences. Particular emphasis

ed last Monday.

The ministry called on labour culture institutes in Amman, Irbid, Zarqa and Aqaba to organise two courses on the above subjects, sources at the Ministry of Labour sald Thursday.

The first of these courses will start in Amman at the end of July. Workers from Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, will take part.

Workers in the electrical industry will participate in a similar course in Irbid at the

Sorbonne helps university here

ranged.

The Sorbonne will take part in creating an archaeological laboratory here.

tific research will also be ar-

To boost relations, the French ambassador here has presented the university library with a collection of books and magazines specialising in law, economics and literature, as well as Arab and Islamic studies in French.

He also donated technical equipment for use in the language laboratory at the Faculty of Literature. The faculty will start teaching French language and literature as a specialisation in the next academic years.

# High-level talks with Arab Gulf officials due

AMMAN (J.T.). — High-level contacts between prominent Jordanian figures and officials in Qatar and a number of other Gulf states are scheduled for the beginning of naxt week, the diplomatic correspondent of the Jordan Timas' sister publication Al Ra'i learnt Thursday.

This comes on the heels of top-level consultations between Jordan and Syria, Saudi Arabia and Egypt to foster Arab co-

# Australian M.P.s discuss Mideast with Prince Hassan

AMMAN (JNA). — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan Thursday received an Australian parliamentary delegation here on a five-day visit.

He discussed with its members the Middle East situation and the possibilities of the Geneva Middle East peace conference reaching a successful conclusion. Crown Prince Hassan also briefed them on Jordan's political and economic role in the region.

"Jordan is going through with its plans to develop its economy and build up its institutions despite the difficult period the region is passing through. We are intent on doing everything possible to ensure stability in the region and prosperity for its people," he stres-

Jordan is still shouldering heavy financial burdens as a result of Israel's occupation of the West Bank, be said. Jordan supports the Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation and will do everything in its power to help recuperate the Palestinians' rights, he added.

The meeting was attended by Speaker of the Upper House Bahjat Talhouni and Senators Ahmad Touqan and Fuad Qaqish.

The Australian delegation was also received by Prime Minister Mudar Badran Thursday noon. Discussions centred on the latest Middle East developments, the Geneva conference and the future of the region. The meeting was also attended by Senators Touqan and Qa-

The five-man delegation led by Mr. Anthony Staley, arrived here from Damascus Wednesday evening as part of a factfinding tour of several Arab countries.

Mr. Staley and his colleagues have already visited Egypt and Syria and beld talks with Presidents Anwar Sadat and Hafez Assad.



Premier Mudar Badran Thursday confers with the visiting Australian parliamentary team on the latest M.E. developments.

#### LAST PERFORMANCE

BRAZIL TROPICAL

CARNAVAL A RIO



at Amman Amphitheatre Saturday, 8.30 p.m.

Tickets sold at the entrance. Price: JD 1.5, JD 1, 500 fils.

AMMAN MARKETPLACE



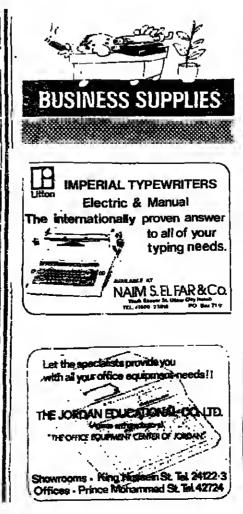


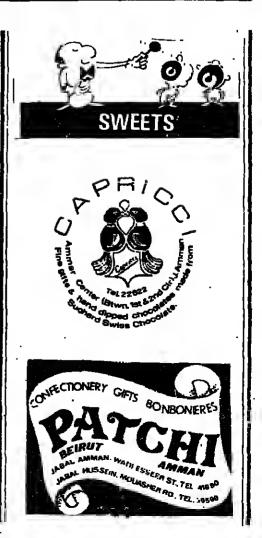












### British unions refuse wage restraint pact

LONDON, July 14 (AFP). — The Government in a surprise der which British workers have move today cancelled plans to release a white paper tomorrow on its economic strategy in the wake of last night's fruitless talks with trade union leaders on continued wage restraint

Government sources said that instead, the Chancellor of would make a statement on the government's policy to the

House of Commons tomorrow. Prime Minister James Callaghan held a two and a half hour meeting with leaders of the Trades Union Congress (TUC) last night to try to salvage the "social contract" --

French francs against 4.8565.

By Nikki Ball

Nearly 2,000 people recently

went to Seabrook, New Hamp-

shire, to get arrested. Most

suceeded. But it took about

two days and seven judges

working in shifts to complete

Seabrook is a small fishing

village on the New Hampshire

sea coast about 40 miles north

of Boston. Until recently, it

was not a place that attracted

much attention. What changed

all that and brought the 2,000 people to Seabrook was the 1969 decision to locate a nuc-

lear power plant in the area.

Hampshire, Meldrim Thomson,

and the state's most powerful

newspaper, the conservative

Manchester Union Leader, along with a number of busi-

nessmen, are strongly in favour

of the Seabrook nuclear plant

and of nuclear energy in gene-

The people of Seabrook, on the other hand, have become

progressively sceptical of the

desirability of having a nuc-

lear plant on their doorstep.

taken on a regional character

as well. Environmental groups

throughout New England (a

region composed of the states

Connecticut and Rhode Island)

banded together to oppose the

licencing of the plant by the

Nuclear Regulatory Commis-

sion (NRC). Without a licence from this federal body, the

For two years, opponents of

the plant argued against its

construction in hearing after

plant could not be built.

Hampshire.

Maine, Vermont, New

Massachusetts.

Opposition to the plant has

The governor of New

the process.

YORK (Gemini)

the government-TUC pact un- cost of public services, keepaccepted voluntary wage restraint since August 1975.

The TUC leadership put off a final decision on their positioo until after publication of the announced white paper. Mr. Callagban himself made

it clear that the government, which has called for renewal the Exchequar, Denis Healey, of the social contract for a third year, would go ahead with its anti-inflationary policy with or without union support. Strategy is broadly expected to include strict curbs on public sector wage rises, with the hone that union leaders will be able to moderate their members' demands, cutting the

uld hope to pull through on the economic front, politically be may be on shakier ground. Observers recalled that when the 13-strong Liberal Party agreed last spring to aupport the government in the Commons -it is in a slight overall mino-rity -- they said the pact would not be extended past September unless the unions

> restraint. They have refused that restraint and the Liberals, increasingly disenchanted with the Lib-Lab pact, may well not be satisfied with a vague union assurance of pay-claim mode-

promised a third year of pay

ing subsidies on basic foods.

controlling credit and keeping

the money-supply down and

trying for increased produc-

Mr. Healey will announce

the £1,000 million he had pro-

mised in income tax cuts if the

unions agreed to a third year

show that the economy is look-

ing up and the employers' gro-up the Confederation of Bri-

tish Industry (CBI) has given

its qualified support, while wa-

iting for the details of the

white paper.
Although Mr. Callaghan co-

Latest economic indicators

of the "social contract".

Political commentators were saying tonight that they could therefore not rule out the possibility of general elections in the autumn -- well before the hoped-for economic improvement could come to Mr. Callagham' aid.

**News Focus** 

### El Al makes modest profit for 1976-77

TEL AVIV, July 14 (R). El Al Israeli Airlines made a modest net profit amounting to \$280,000 in the fiscal year 1976-77, compared to a loss of \$1.2 million the previous year, the company's Director Mr. Mordechai Ben Ari sald here yesterday.

Presenting the airline's annual report to a news conference Mr. Ben Ari said that the total operating profit had increased by 22 per cent over last year -- \$5.8 million compared to \$1.8 million in 1975-76.

Total income for the fiscal year, which ended on March 31, 1977, was \$257.2 million and the company's load factor for the year was 67.3 per cent as against 65.1 per cent the previous year.

Mr. Ben Ari said the company had ordered two more Boeing 747 jumbo jets. One -- a cargo configuration -- had already been delivered last month while the other will become operational in April 1978. Two more Boeing 747's will be acquired in 1980 and 1982, the director said.

Profits could have been bigger but for high security costs and currency fluctuations. Labour troubles had not caused financial loss but hurt the image of the company, Mr. Ben Ari

### Carter pledges support for

WASHINGTON, July 14 (R). -The Carter administration will take steps to protect U.S. sugar producers from financial If international sugar talks fail, U.S. Agriculture Secretary Bob Bergland said today. He told a Senate finance subcommittee that the American sugar industry was "coming apart at the seams" as a result of low prices but he rejected suggestions that the administration take imme-

fish, clams and lobsters is a

On the safety issue, opponents of the plant point out that the construction site is

close to the Ottawa-Boston

earthquake fault line. While

there is no guarantee that an

earthquake would seriously da-

mage the proposed plant, there

is equally no guarantee that It

would escape an earthquake

the danger of radioactive leak-

age, this siting problem is not .

Proponeots of nuclear energy

have done their best, of course,

to discredit the Clamsbell Al-

liance and its allies. The Man-

ticular has sought to charac-

terise the demonstrators as

"wild leftists" and has implied

that they are somebow linked

sort of attack is not, unfortu-

nately, new. Opposents of the

Teton Dam in Idaho (which

collapsed last year as it was being filled for the first time)

received "hate" telephone calls

in which, among other things,

they were accused of being "communist" and "anti-

However, in view of the

changing attitude towards nuc-

lear power in the U.S. nuclear

"hardliners" like Governor

Thomson might soon find them-

In the U.S., the nuclear po-wer issue has been as a sort

of cover for the wider issue

of nuclear weapons, providing

nuclear research in that area

with a certain respectability.

propaganda campaign since the

end of World War II aimed

at convincing U.S. citizens that

nuclear reactors are the "mo-

dern" way of generating po-wer and that this technology

is indispensible as supplies of

Thus, there has been a large

selves out on a limb.

"communist"

American".

to the Communist Party.

To those concerned about

major industry.

unscathed.

a minor one.

ice programme similar to that in effect for other crops, and other price support devices would all be considered at that point, Mr. Bergland said.

fossil fuels are run down.

The campaign has been con-

ducted largely by the major

electricity companies which

have investments in nuclear

plants. But it has been backed

up by the U.S. government.

Neither has wanted serious

questions to arise concerning

the economics or the safety

aspects of the nuclear power

issue. In this they succeeded

Since then, people concer-ned about the increased reli-

ance on nuclear energy have

begun to dig up facts that are

less than welcome to propo-

of the 1970s.

#### Arab oil states recycle petrodollars the end of 1975, Mr. Al Attar reported.

figures were for Saudi Arabia,

Kuwait, Iraq, Qatar and Abu

Crude oil produced in the

Western Asia, added: "These flows should help dispel earlier GENEVA, July 14 (R). — Major Arab oil-producing states invested an estimated \$88.6 fears of balances of payments crises in the industrialised coubillion in major industrialised countries and international orntries." ganisations between 1974 and Addressing the U.N. Economic and Social Council (ECOSlast year, a senior United Na-OC), Mr. Al Attar said these

Mr. Mohammad Said Al Attar, Executive Secretary of the U.N. Economic Commission for

tions regional official said here

#### LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

Following are official exchange rates in effect at the start of today's business day. as set by the Central Bank of

The first column is how much you would receive in Jordanian fils for selling a unit of the foreign currency, while the se-cond column denotes how much it would cost you to buy a unit of the foreign currency:

93.0 Saudi rival 107.5 Lebanese pound Syrian pound 80.9 81.2 940 1137 Iraqi dinar 1141 Kuwalti dinar Egyptian pound Libyan dinar 467 UAE dirham 83.5 84.5 569 330 575 332 U.K. sterling U.S. dollar German mark French franc 132.3 132.7 Swiss franc Italian lira (for 34.7 37.6 every 100)

per cent, compared with 44 per cent mainly from oil revenues in 1974, he added. region increased by about 13 per cent in 1976, compared with a decline of 10 per cent in 1975, he told the 54-nation He said it was a cause of deep concern that in 1975 about two-thirds of the region's GDP originated in the oil seccouncil. The Middle East region, apart from Lebanon, had interna-tional reserves totalling \$37.5

States were trying to diversify production but faced shortages of trained manpower, he added. billion at the end of last year, compared with \$30.9 billion at

But public spending seemed to have declined in most coun-

tries. The growth in Gross Do-

mestic Product (GDP), indica-

ting the total real worth of the

region's output, also showed
"a marked slowing down" in

1975, according to latest flau-

res available, and reached 15

#### Iran, Switzerland agree on petrochemical complex

TEHRAN, July 14 (R). - Iran and Switzerland have agreed in principle to build a petrochemical complex in Iran with total joint investment of \$3,000 million, according to an economic protocol signed here vesterday.

The protocol, which gave no other details of the complex, also called for joint investment in chemical and pharmaceutical industries.

The document was signed by Iranian Finance and Economy Minister Houshang Ansari and the Swiss Economic Minister Ernst Brugger. The two sides also agreed

to conclude two agreements on trade and transport.
Mr. Brugger, who flies home today after five days of talks, said he expected two-way trade to increase by \$300 mil-lion this year to \$1,000 mil-

#### ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

tion.

#### Japan may get Sandi Arabian oil bonus

# TOKYO, July 14 (R). - Saudi Arabia is ready to consider supplying Japan with cheaper "bonus oil" in return for help in constructing of a multi-million dollar petrochemical complex, vice minister for International Trade and Industry, Mr. Minoru Masuda, said here yesterday. Mr. Masuda, who had just returned from a two-week Middle East tour, also said that Japan should step up its economic cooperation with oil producing countries to obtain

#### French police halt bank fraud

\* TOULOUSE, France, July 14 (AFP). — Police arrested two bank officials here yesterday after the discovery of an attempted \$200 million fraud on the French bank, Societe Generale. The arrest. backed by two others in Bordeaux and Paris -- followed efforts in London to cash eight bank orders worth \$25 million each and the arrest by Scotland Yard there of an Egyptian who tried to cash them. The bank officials, Toulouse Branch Sub-Director Andre Peuchot and agent Michel Ruffin were reportedly approached in April by 44-year-old Albert Messaca claiming to act for Arab

#### New field will boost Bolivian oil output

\* LA PAZ, July 14 (R). - A new oil field in southeastern Bolivia will boost the country's oil production by 27 per cent next year, Energy Minister Guillermo Jimenez Gallo said here yesterday. General Jimenez told a press conference that commercial production at the field, recently discovered by a local subsidiary of the U.S.based Occidental Petroleum Company, will begin next January.
The field is expected to produce about 10,000 barrels of oil and 50 million cubic feet of natural gas a day.

#### Arab bank grants loans to Africa

\* DAMASCUS, July 14 (R). — The Board of the Arab Bank for Economic Development in Africa yesterday agreed to grant loaus worth about \$21 million to four African countries to belp them carry out development projects.

#### British trade deficit widens

\* LONDON, July 14 (AFP). — Despite a marked decline in Britain's oil import bill last month, the trade deficit also widened to attain £287 million in June as against the May figure of £251 million. Exports were up £172 million over the previous month to reach a new record of £2,781 million, but imports also rose to a new all-time peak, jumping by £208 million to a total of £3,068 million. The sharp rise was mainly due to the purchase of £250 million worth of oil drilling equipment for the North Sea last month, officials said. They said the oil deficit was reduced from £303 million in May to £182 million in June.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies against the dollar at the close of inter-bank trading on the London Foreign Exchange Market yesterday. Tourist rates will differ from those quoted below.

One sterling = One dollar =

1.7193 / 95 2.2900 / 15 2.4475 / 85 2.4183 / 98 35.71 / 74 4.8630 / 600 882.65 / 85 264.60 / 75 4.3725 / 55 5.2620 / 50

5.9730 / 60

Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francy French trancs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

West German marks

U.S. dollars

#### WALL STREET

Not received

#### LONDON MARKET REPORT

The market closed easier on balance Thursday but the U.K. trade figures for June prompted a rally in short dated government bonds in after hours trading, dealers said.

Trading was quiet and at 15:00 the F.T. index was down 2.7 at 447.2.

At 15:30 equity leaders had fallen one to 4p in places having traded higher during the morning session.

Gold shares were mixed on balance and a similar trans was noted in U.S. and Canadians issues.

Price of gold closed in London Thursday at 143.85/or-

#### Dollar, sterling stabilise on foreign exchange market

LONDON, July 14 (AFP). — Sterling and the U.S. dollar were stable in early dealings on the foreign exchange market here today after yesterday's drops. Trading was very quiet.

Dealers said the Bank of England was keeping sterling rates under close control because of pressure due to expectations that the wage restraint pact between the government and the trade unions would not be renewed.

Sterling was quoted at 3.9278 deutshe marks, a shade better than last night's closing rate of 3.975. It was at 4.1504 Swiss francs, down from yesterday's 4.1525, but alightly better against the French franc at 8.3614

compared with 8.3600, Sterling was quoted at 1.7197 dollars against 1.7206, while the dollar stood at 2.2740 marks against previous 2.2810, at 2.4135 Swiss francs against 2.4110 and at 4.8590

Nuclear energy, the panacea which was going to solve the

world's power problem and give it cheap, safe abundant electri-city, is increasingly meeting criticism. The cost of building plants mounts almost yearly; accidents have happened at ope-rating stations in spite of assurances on the safety factor; and

the disposal of radioactive waste presents enormous difficulties.

This article tells the story of the opposition that has developed in the United States to the building of a nuclear plant.

bearing. Nonetheless, in June 1976, a licence was granted.

Also in 1976, the people of Seabrook beld a referendum

to decide just what their posl-

tion should be regarding the

nuclear plant. They voted (768

to 632) to oppose its construc-

However the Public Service

Company of New Hampshire,

the consortium of New England

electricity companies which

owns the Seabrook site, re-

fused to be bound by the de-

cisloo of the local residents.

proved, some 30 environment-

al groups joined forces under

ming is a major industry along

the entire coast of eastern New

England). Since it had proven

impossible to stop the licenc-

ing of the plant, alliance mem-

bers vowed to stop it from be-

ing built by sitting in at the

Tha first "occupation" of

the Seabrook site occurred in August 1976. About 180 peo-

ple were arrested. Some received three-month jail sen-

tences. The winter months were occupied by legal cases

concerning the nuclear plant.

given a boost when the Nuc-

lear Regulatory Commission

reversed its June decision and

ordered construction at the

to marine life presented to the

NRC by a regional branch of

the federal Environmental Pro-

tection Agency (EPA) was be-

hind this reversal. The Carter

administration can reverse the

reversal and its views on the

issue are eagerly awaited by

Many people consider that

Evidence of likely damage

The anti-plant coalition was

construction site.

site to halt.

all concerned

Clamshell Alliance. (Clam-

When the licence was ap-

### faltering U.S. sugar industry

diate action to support the price. He said the United

States would try first to achieve results through talks in the loternational Sugar Organisation, due to end in the first week of August.

"If no progress is made there, we will have to consider a domestic sugar policy",

Import quotas, a target pr-

## Should the world think again on nuclear energy?

as Westinghouse, to protest about the programme. This campaign seems to be having some short-term success since the television producers are reportedly wary about televising similar programmes. It is not clear, however, that the campaign will be successful in the long-run. As the safety of nuclear plants is called into question

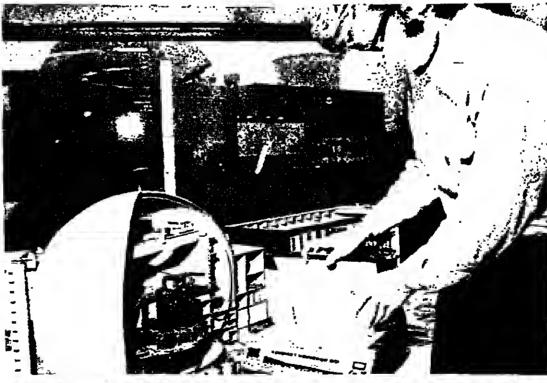
lear energy production, such

fairly well until the beginning and as the cost of their construction and maintenance rises (along with the price of uranlum), banks which have previously put up some of the enormous amount of capital needed to realise nuclear investments have begun to have second thoughts about financing nuclear energy. Some businessmen are also reconsidering

nents of nuclear power. Despite industry claims that reactors ly safe, buttressed by many back-up systems, there is growing evidence that is not their once firm backing for these projects. Yet, developing countries are

always the case.

In Florida, the Turkey Point



NUCLEAR HAZARD HAMPERS POWER STATION PLANNERS -- Nuclear power station consti tion programmes are fast being slowed down by protracted planning procedures, stricter safety regulations and protests lodged by members of the general public. Hesse has taken the precaution of providing the general public with ample information about the proposed extensions to Siblis nuclear power station, which is already the largest in the world. It currently consists of two reactor blocks with installed capacity of 1,200 and 1,300 megawatts respectively. Photostats of the design of the third reactor block are supplied to members of the general public on demand so that people can judge for themselves whether safety precautions are adequate.

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whatever decision the administration reaches will be indicative of its long-term attitude towards the entire issue of nuclear power.

Previous indications of administration attitudes have not been favourable to those seeking to develop nuclear energy, since President Carter has receotly opposed the building of breeder reactors and the reprocessing of plutonium.

At the same time, the attitude towards nuclear power seems to be changing throughout the U.S. Although a referendum to block further construction of nuclear power facilities in California failed last November, proponents of nuclear plants are facing more opposition and more serious questioning than ever before.

It was partly in recognition of this changing attitude and partly in an attempt to widen the debate on nuclear energy that the most recent sit-in at Seabrook took place.

Taking as their model, a 1976 occupation of a West German nuclear site by 28,000 people which forced the cancellation of that project, the Clamshell Alliance promised to remain at Seabrook until construction plans were drop-

Governor Thomson and some 300 police from five of the six England (Massachusetts declined to send reinforcements) had other plans for the demonstrators. Previously trained in non-violent tactics, the protestors allowed themselves to be arrested.

That, however, was easier said than done. Not only was it necessary to borrow police to handle the crowd and judges to process the arrests, but four National Guard armouries and several achool buses and trucks were pressed into service to provide temporary jail space. Well aware of the chaos they were creating, the Clamshell Alliance vowed to re-occupy the site soon with many more than 2,000 protestors. Given the growing interest in the nuclear power issue (which the most recent sit-in at Seabrook will probably increase) and the fact that, even for this sit-in, some demonstra-tors came from Alaska and California, that promise should

The argument against the Seabrook installation has been based on both economic and safety considerations.

not be considered an idle ges-

The proposed plant will be cooled by circulating sea water, which, ooce it has absorbed sufficient heat, will be returned to the ocean. While this cooling system will admittedly not make excessive demands on the region's fresh water supplies, environmentalists have noted that the process will raise the temperature of the sea water in the vicinity of the plant by about 38 degrees Fahrenhelt.

It was this evidence which convinced the Environmental Protection Agency that the plant would be harmful to marine life. And harming the marine life almost inevitably means harming the economic life of the Inhabitants of Seabrook and other coastal fishing villages to whom catching

To environmentalists, this plant run by Florida Power still told that nuclear energy and Light is being shut down. The reason? Thare is leakage of radioactive water from the cooling system.

In addition, the entire nuclear waste disposal issue has been fraught with problems. The West Valley reprocessing plant south of Buffalo, New York, has been shut down because water has leaked out of a tank storing some two million cubic feet of buried radioactive wastes. The water, itself radioactive has leaked into a stream which feeds Lake Erie, the acurce of Buffalo's

water supply.

These are not, it should be added, isolated examples. At the eod of January this year, a televisloo documentary on the problems of nuclear waste disposal immediately drew fire from those with a vested interest in the further development of nuclear energy.

Among other tactics, pressure was put on the employees of firms involved with mee-

is the path to follow into the "modern" era. They are not told, however, of the dangers that they can import along with their reactors. To some extent, this is not surprising. The truth about the lack of safety in existing U.S. plants is only slowly being discove-

red.

But now accidents are oc-curring in U.S. nuclear facilities, problems of radioactive waste disposal and the true costs of nuclear energy are becoming known, other countries should take these new facts into consideration when facing foreign companies eager to sell their reactors.

This is particularly true in view of a recent article in the journal produced by the International Atomic Energy Agency. It showed that developing countries are sold reactors that are less safe than those operating on the territory of the selling country. Let the buyer bewere.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1977

from the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITU

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good time to get involved in the little but necessary things of everyday life that require attention such as shopping, doing errands, getting out correspondence and whatever concerns the home amd having things there in good shape for a satisfactory operation. Be thoughtful.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Take time to put home affairs in good shape and get rid of any clutter there. Study details of a new project that appeals to you.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Good time to handle reports that are routine and necessary, but be accurate. Take time to visit with friends and relatives.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Review your property and financial standing and know what your true position is. Plan any repairs that are needed. Spend more time with family and show you are devoted.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Know what it is you want to accomplish in a personal way and take right steps in such directions. Enjoy company of good friends.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Although you want to get busy in the husiness world, it is better you make your plans in the quiet of your own surroundings first. Take care of routine chores that are expected of you. Do so willingly.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Know what will please your good friends and show you are devoted to them. Join a group meeting that could give you much pleasure. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Know what you want and then go after it with vim and vigor and get right results.

Improving career methods is also wise at this time. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Find a better way to handle finances. Be sure to cut down on expenses. Show more thought for a loved one and come to a better under-

standing. Avoid one who is too demanding. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be more serious at the work ahead of you and get much accomplished

early. Be efficient at the handling of business deals. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Situations arise that reveal just where you stand with partners and can do much to improve relationships. A civic affair can be beneficial to you.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Peh. 19) Catch np on your duties by applying yourself very seriously and clear the slate for more important matters coming soon. Please a

co-worker and get added cooperation. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Plan recreations for any free time you have coming. Contact right congenials. Show more affection for loved ones.

\*

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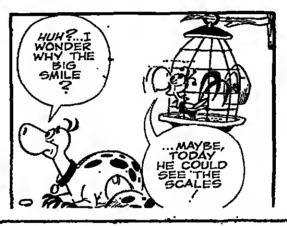












#### LAUGHS FROM EUROPE



Waller "When Mr. Smith comes in, tell him I'm out. You had better be drinking coffee, hove your feet on the desk and be reading a comic book, or he'll

20:00 News in Aral

never believe you!"

### THE BETTER HALF By Barnes 111 11

"Just keep that up and you'll get a whiplash!"

#### PROVERS

Arrivals

1:45 8:50

18:30 18:45 18:45 19:40

8:00 Catro (EA) 8:15 Begodad

10:30 Jednah (SDI) 11:15 Betrut

(SDO

The hare never made it but the tortoise did.

AMMAN AIRPORT

12045 Kowait (EAC)

21111, 2777

20:30 22:00 22:35 22:55

Frankfurt, Munich, De- 81:15 Dabei (AZ)
USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

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News, Press Review Letterbox Music from Wales The World Today

News, Press Review Bob Holman Requests News From the Weeklies

Barnes

11:13 Secrets of the sea 12:15 Religious programms 13:00 Arable series 13:00 Arable series 13:30 Arable series 18:30 Towards the year 2000 17:00 Arable feature 19:30 News in Hebres 19:45 Varieties 18:30

RADIO JORDAN 7:00 Breakfas 16:00 Easy listening 17:00 Jordan weekl) 7:30 News 7:40 News reports 8:00 Morning show 17:30 Pop session 18:00 News summary Pop session 13:00 News summ 13:05 Pop session 18:05 Pop session 18:30 Classical above 19:00 News 18:10 Music 14:10 Music 19:30 Sign of

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Music from Wales Latter from Landon Albumies! News; Reflections 21:00 Black British. We british
21:15 Command Perforance 21:40 Books and Write 22:00 Ways
22:00 News
22:45 The Week is We 22:45 Sports Rommé-up
23:00 News; Commenta 12:35 VOICE OF AMERICA

1830 Country

Cultural Centres THE ALESS

### GORED BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF © 1976,The Chicago Tribune

North-South vulnerable. South deals.

NORTH ♠ Q VA92 ♦ A Q 109 WEST EAS ♦ 109542 ♥ J87 ♠KJ83 ♥KQ103 **QJ74** 

**4**862 SOUTH **♠**A76 ♥ 654 · ♦ J76543

The hidding: South West North East Pass Pass 1 4 Pass Dhie. Rdble. 1 + 10 Pass 2 4 3 4 Pass 4 + Pass 6 > Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: King of .

We sometimes feel that the average bridge player would he better off had he never heard of a finesse. The temptation to take every finesse in sight hecomes all-consuming, and sounder lines are often overlooked.

South was rather aggressive in pushing his side to what turned out to he an he had a six-card suit and a singleton, and his partner trumps by redoubling and is the king of trumps. cue-hidding spades, South's This is an excellent line. cue-hid of the ace of spades It succeeds whenever the would have preferred a jump to five diamonds, which

West led the king of clubs for a heart discard, than a 50 per cent finesse. declarer entered his hand

with the ace of spades and took the trump finesse. Unfortunately East turned up with the king, and his heart

return spelled defeat. Declarer would probably

have made his contract had dummy held a low diamond instead of the queen. Since he could not then finesse, declarer would have had to

cast about for another line, and he would have come up with one that stood a hetter chance of succeeding.

Follow what happens if de-

clarer decides to spurn the trump finesse. After winning the ace of hearts, declarer should cash the trump ace in an effort to drop the king. When this does not

work, he cashes two high clubs, discarding a heart from his hand, and rulls a club. The ace of spades and a ruff puts him in dummy to ruff another club tting up

the fifth club. Now declarer simply ruffs his last spade to enter dummy and sluffs excellent slam. Even though his remaining heart on the

had agreed on diamonds as good club, and his only loser

overstated his values. We king of diamonds is single-

ton; when the hand with four would have left North with clubs holds the king of diathe option of going on to monds doubleton; or when

the cards are distributed as hearts, won hy the ace. above. These combined After cashing dummy's high chances are certainly better

### JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME. by Henri Arnold and Robi and

PREPARE FOR DOOMSDAY

one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. YULEG

EJYTT

**TRYSAP** 

TERRAH

Answer here:



form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: ABBOT GOUTY NINETY HERALD Yesterday's What the panhandler asked for—A "DOUGHNATION"

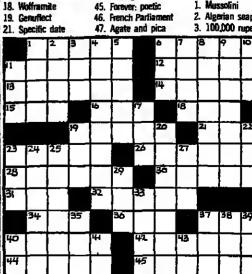


28. Fidefio and Salome . Lamentation 6. Insertion mark 31. Vamoire 11. Arrow poison 32. About town 12. Cottonwood 34. Hindrance 36. Pigeon pez 37. Absorbed 14. Object 15. Fountain, lo 40. Poison

Holland co

30. Hereditary factors 42. The Fishes 44. Tritting

SOLUTION OF YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE DOWN Mussolini English novelist Algerian seaport 6. Social outcast 3. 100,000 rupees 7. Fish sauce 9. Rival



10. Craggy hill 11. Size of writing paper. 19. Greek spirit 20. Validity 22. I do 23. Black-backed gull 24. Milky glass 25. Experienced 27. Thicken 29. Divot 33. Early French king 35. Prickly pear 37. Palestine seaport 38. Numbers 39. Compass point 40. Force, in Latin 41. Stationary

43. Fall month: abbr

### Zia-ul-Haque orders release of Pakistani political detainees

Pakistan's military strongman, Gen. Zia-ul-Haque, said today he has urdered the release of all political prisoners and repeated his determination to restore the country to civilian rule in October following last we-ek's hloodless military take-

A total of 18 leading politi-

custody after the coup.

Gen. Zia-ul-Haque did not

#### Finland returns hijackers

HELSINKI, July 14 (R). — Finland yesterday returned to the Soviet Union two young Russians who hijacked a Soviet airliner last Sunday.

A special Soviet aircraft flew Mr. Alexander Zagirniak, 19, and Mr. Gennady Selushko, 22, from Helsinkl to Leningrad yesterday afternoon, the Finnish Interior Ministry said in

Earlier yesterday the Finnish government met and heard a report from acting Minister of Justice Paul Paavela about measures being taken to return the two men to the Soviet

Two hours later they were driven to the airport hy Interior Ministry officials and handed over to Soviet security

A Ministry of Justice statement issued after the govern-ment meeting said the deci-sion to return the two men mer ruling Pakistan People's Party (PPP) and the opposition Pakistan National Alliance (PNA) were put in protective

Sixteen of them, including former Premier Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, are still being held.

### USSR

was based on the 1975 extradition agreement between Finland and the Suviet Union. The official Soviet extradition request was lodged with Finnish authorities on Tuesday. the ministry said. It is believed this is the first case to be

covered by the treaty. Under Soviet law the two men face prison terms of three to 15 years. In exceptional circumstances, e killing during a hijacking can result in the death penalty under Soviet

The Finnish Foreign Minister said yesterday Finland would comply with the Soviet request for the hijackers to be handed back but "there were documents and papers to be signed

The Ministry of Justice statement said the two men had not denied the bijacking and they bad been provided with a defence counsel.

Giving his first news conference since the coup on July the Cavalry general said that at the time of the takeover he feared civil war.

He promised to rule with an iron fist for the next three months to ensure law and or-der and to reduce political ten-

Gen. Zia-ul-Haque ruled out trial of Mr. Bhutto or any other politician, saying the is-sue should be decided by the next elected government.

He also ordered the dissolution of all but one special court set up during Mr. Bhutto's rule. The only one left would be a court trying Pathan lea-der Abdul Wali Kan on con-

spiracy charges, he said. Explaining his reasons for the army takeover, which was codenamed "Operation Fair Play", the general said he con-cluded there was no meeting ground between the PPP and the PNA to resulve the cnuntry's four-month-old political

Of the 18 leading politicians detained, the general said:
"They hald the destiny of the country in their hands and they need seclusion to start thinking of the task abead."

He denied suggestions that he had staged the coup in collusion with Mr. Bhutto or that the army intended to seek power for longer than three mon-

### Europe favours Carter's neutron bomb because it kills in a "clean" way

European NATO states want President Carter to deploy the controversial neutron bomb in Europe because it would not, like existing "dirty" nuc-lear weapons, kill millions of their own people in any war with the Warsaw Pact.

President Carter wants the weapon to be produced -- the Senate debated funds for it yesterday -- hut says he has yet to take a final decision on deploying it.

Informed sources at NATO headquarters here sald that West Germany, where any NATO-Warsaw Pact war is

BRUSSELS, July 14 (R). - mage" -- the slaughter of friendly people along with enemy

> The neutron bomb is a re-latively "clean" weapon because it kills with a localised spray of deadly neutrons. So it could be used on Soviet troops close to West German cities without killing nearby civilians.

NATO planners theorise that any attacking Soviet troops would quickly move close to beavity-populated areas, so forcing NATO to pay a terrible toll in West German civillan lives if it hit the Russians with nuclear strikes.

Radiation from a neutron warhead is supposed to dislikely to he fought, is parti-cularly concerned about what strategists call "collateral da-

#### Racial violence leaves 3 dead at California's San Quentin Prison

SAN QUENTIN, California, July 14 (R). — Prisoners were confined to their cells indefinitely in San Quentin Prison yesterday after two months of simmering racial tensions flared into violence leaving three

convicts dead. Prison spokesman Mike Luxford said the fighting, in which Black Muslims and neo-Nazis clashed with clubs and knives, had created an atmosphere of "tension and fear" among the prison's 2,322 inmates.

The brawl was touched off on Tuesday morning when a hlack convict was fatally stabbed in the prison's East Wing when immates were returning from an exercise yard.

Late in the afternoon, a racial brawl broke out in another part of the prison and two white convicts were stabled to death. One of the whites was stabbed repeatedly and his body thrown over an upper steel walkway onto a concrete floor 30 feet below.

Mr. Luxford said the prison had been having racial troubles for two months.

Describing the groups taking part in the fighting, Mr. Lux-ford said: "We have an outlaw motorcycle group called "Satan's Few" and the American National Socialist Party, or Nazi Party, which are the white supremacist groups. It appears that the Black Muslims have also been involved."

Forty-one per cent of the prisoners are white and 40 per cent black. The rest are mostly Mexican-Americans.

As well as the three convicts killed in the fighting, four pri-soners were seriously injured. Mr. Luxford could not say how long the prisoners would be confined to their cells.

"The prison is in a total general lockdown," he said. "It's impossible to say when the lockdown will end right now. We have to bave the cooperation of the inmates.'

out opposition. Gen, Alexander Haig, NATO European Commander and an advocate of the neutron bomb, sald on Tuesday European member states were enthusiastic about the weapon, which can be delivered by missiles or art-

The sources said yesterday that the Europeans also want other kinds of improved nuclear weapons to be sent to

These include a blast bomh to strike at heavily-fortified fixed positions such as under-ground military headquarters. These hombs, being developed in the United States, yield little radiation and mean little fall-out danger for nearby civi-

The sources said the United States is also developing a nuclear fire homh which could be used to burn down entire forests, depriving attackers of cover. But the weapon was not suitable for use in densely-

peopled Europe. The sources said deployment of the neutron bomb to Europe would give NATO greater flexibility in meeting any Soviet attack. And this would make the Russians think twice about any move which could

invite nuclear response. U.S. officials in NATO have said the weapon could be dep-loyed in Europe within 18 mon-ths of production.

Critics of the neutron bomb charge that once such a weapon is produced, military pressure will make its deployment inevitable.

The alliance is updating its tactical nuclear weapons in Europe -- the United States stores some 7,000 here -- because the Soviet Union has made vast strides in hringing its nuclear forces up to parity with NATO.

For years NATO said its lead in tactical nuclear weapons in Europe would deter any Soviet attack. But one of the alliances' most senior intelligence officers told a secret strategic conference in Belgium recently that both sides were now roughly equal in tactical nuclear strength.



CONGRATULATIONS -- Egypt's Nasser Al Shazii, 16, congratulated after outswimming 29 competitors at Naples on Sunday to win the 33-kms. Capri to Naples race, dubbed as the world's long-distance swimming championship. Mr. Al Shazii covered the distance in 7 hours, 36 minutes and 5 seconds. (AP wirephoto)

### Commemorating revolutions of 1958, 1968 Iraqi national celebrations begin

BAGHDAD, July 14 (R). Guns boomed at dawn today heralding the heginning of celebrations commemorating two national occasions.

The first relates to the 19th anniversary of the July 14, 1958 revolution which toppled the monarchy in Iraq and the second to the ninth anniversary of the July 17, 1968 movement

which brought the Baath Party to power in Iraq.

Which brought the Baath Party to power in Iraq.

Vica President Taha Mohieddin Ma'rouf laid a wreath on the Tomh of the Unknown Soldier bere in a ceremony attended by members of the Ruling Revolutionary Command Council (RCC), high-ranking military officers, diplomatic envoys and military attaches. The Iraq News Agency said several government officials headed for the various provinces to inaugurate or lay the foundation stones of projects estimated to cost about 247 million dinars (£370 million), covering the fields of industry, agriculture, education and other

The agency said President Ahmad Hassan Al Bakr and RCC Vice Chairman Saddam Hussein as well as other party leaders received cables from the various establishments in the country praising the regime's achievements. Iraqi leaders received such cables from the Iraqi Communist Party, the Kurdistan Democ-

ratic Party and the Palestinian commando movement. Several thousand young men and women flocked to Baghdad in the past few days from 15 Arab countries to take part in the celebrations, the agency added.

As part of the celebrations, President Bakr today attended the graduation of a group of

Baghdad and other cities were gaily decorated and Iraqi newspapers published supple-

#### France celebrates Bastille Day

PARIS, July 14 (R). — France's ability to assemble a military alert quickly in case of emergency was the theme of today's traditional Bastille Day

ments to mark the festivities.

President Valery Giscard d'Estaing watched from a platform outside the Military College near the Eiffel Tower as 12 giant planes flew low over capital to herald the start of the bour-long National Dev display.

Similar planes, Transali transports, flew Moroccan military aid to Zaire earlier this year to belp President Mobutu Sese Seko defeat an invasion force in Sbaba (formerly Katanga) Province.

M. Giscard d'Estaing then took the salute as motorised units and 3,300 men from the marine light infantry, the parachute regiments and naval and air force commando units marched past.

The parade ended in traditional manner with a slow march past by elements of the Foreign Legion, who as always brought the loudest cheers

By Peter Griffiths

PEKING, July 14 (R). — Fresh

signs have emerged this week

of a growing rift between China and its tiny European

Analysts here said it ap-

peared a decade-and-a-half of

alliance between the twn might

be drawing to a close follow-ing a hitter Albanian attack

on Peking'a policies and ideo-

Sources at Peking Universi-ty reported yesterday some Albanian students, packing their bags to travel home for

the summer vacation, had ex-pressed doubts whether they would be able to return and

No new Albanian students have arrived at Peking Uni-

versity this year to begin un-

dergraduate sessions.

Meanwhile, the Albanian
Embassy went, on Tuesday, to
the unprecedented length of
delivering by hand to foreign

correspondents and embassies texts of last week's attack on China. Observers cannot re-

member them supplying mate-

rial to Western newsmen he-

The commentary, in the form of an editorial in Alban-

ia's Zeri i Popullit newspaper,

accused China, without actually naming it, of "deflecting

the revolutionary movement

The newspaper described the Maoist theory of three worlds

(superpowers, developed Euro-

pean-type countries and deve-

loping countries) as "anti-

only condemning one superpo-wer (the Soviet Union) while

It accused the Chinese of

from its true path."

Leninist".

complete their studies.

ally, Albania.

from holiday crowds lining the boulevards.

Today's parade, in dry but overcast conditions, ended at the Champ de Mars, the long left-bank gardens in front of the Military College where revolutionaries in 1790 celebrated the first anniversary of the fall of the infamous Bastille

Until the reform-minded M. Giscard d'Estaing became president in 1974, the procession was traditionally held on the Champs Elysees, just across the River Seine.

That year, however, he ordered it moved to the working class east of the city in order, he said, to bring the army closer to the people. The experiment was repeated in 1975, but last year the parade returned to the Champs Elyse-

In another reform this year, M. Giscard d'Estaing opened the Elysee Presidential Palace to the public for the first time. In a radio interview today. the president said he wanted Bastille Day to be a festival of national unity.

News Focus

Albania's attack on China is nothing

short of a step on a dangerous road

supporting the other (the United States), and rapped them for abandoning "libera-

tion movements" in Asia,

Peking's growing disenchant-

ment with Albania, once vir-tually its only ally, is reflec-ted in the official press here. Last Sunday the People's

Daily newspaper reported a

Peking reception to mark Al-

banian Army Day in four brief paragraphs. Last year the re-

port stretched to over 800

It spoke of "comrades in arms in the same trench" and

warm expressions of militant

unity" -- sentiments conspicu-

ously absent from the latest

Tirana appeared perplexed by the dramatic anti-radical purges following Chairman

Mao Tse-tung's death last Sep-

tember. Leftist ideologue Yao Wen-yuan was the last im-portant Chinese to visit the

Shortly after the October purge, Albania falled for the

first time in memory to be among the first countries to

send Peking a congratulatory

note on a major event -- the

appointment of Mr. Hua Kuo-

feng to replace the late Mao

Analysts believe Albania

may have to pay dearly for slamming the door on China

and setting itself up as the

only true disciple of Marxism-

Leninism. Since the Communist

takeover at the end of World

War II Albania has relied suc-

cessively on neighbouring Yu-goslavia, the Soviet Union and

China for economic survival.

If the lopsided relationship between 800 million Chinese

as party chairman.

Balkan state.

Africa and Latin America.

### W. Germans can work in hospitals if they object to army service

BONN, July 14 (R). — A controversial new West German law signed yesterday by President Walter Scheel will permit young men to avoid military service by signing a simple statement of conscientious objection to it. They will no longer have to appear before a tribunal to justify their objections. But they will be liable to perform 18 months civil service in hospitals or similar

The opposition Christian Democratic Party (CDU) protested that the law, which comes into force on Aug. 1, virtually banishes compulsory military service. The CDU warned that it would weaken the Bundeswehr (federal armed forces) and hazard the nation's defences. A CDU spokesman said the party would contest its validity in the Constitutional Court on the grounds that the government had not presented it to the CDU-dominated upper house (Bundesrat) for assent.

More than 40,000 young men of military age registered last year as conscientious objectors -- an increase of nearly 25 per cent over the year before. Each annual age-group comprises about 400,000, of whom around 300,000 are found fit to serve.

### Italian party official shot

TURIN, July 14 (R). - A prominent official of the ruling Christian Democratic Party was shot in the legs yesterday, the latest victim of Italy's ur-ban guerrilla movement. Poli-ce said two young men fired five shots into the legs of Signor Maurizio Puddu, 45, a provincial counsellor of the party, as he was returning home. The Turin office of the Italian news agency ANSA later was told by an anonymous telephone caller that the muchfeared Red Brigades urban revolutionary group was respon-

# in the legs

#### tional Airport for Archbishop Lefebvre since Tuesday, swarmed around his plane on the tarmac. Amid the worldwide Belgrade meet controversy he has provoked, his arrival statement caused a

Archbishop Lefebvre:

Reconciliation with

Pope Paul underway

BOGOTA, July 14 (AFP). —accompanied by a police as Rebel traditionalist Archbishop cort.

sensation. The former Archbishop of Dakar and Senegal, topped off more than a year of defiance of the Pope by ordsining 14 priests last month at his head-quarters in Econe, Switzer-

Marcel Lefebvre arrived here

yesterday and declared that he

was in the process of reconci-

pected his relations with the Vatican to return to normal

Reporters and photograph-

ers, many of whom had been

waiting at Eldorado Interna-

liation with Pope Paul.

that he had written to

promptly.

He has already been sus-pended from priestly functions by the Vetican, and the Econe ceremony, carried out despite e personal eppeal from Pope Paul, raised the prospect of excommunication and resulting schism in the Catholic Church. The 61-year-old traditiona-list came to Colombia for a weeklong "private visit" after failing to ohtain an entry visa to Mexico. He is to stay with a sister, Maria Teresa Lefebvre. who lives in the mountain city of Pereira west of here. After his surprise statement, he made his way warily through the mass of newsmen murmuring: "Gracias, gracias", boarded a car with an mterpre-

become a celebrity here since she recently publicly denied a remark by a spokesman by The Swiss-based French prelate said on errival from the leftwing Colombian priests that her brother was "a well-United States via Venezuela Pope three days ago and he ex-

His sister meanwhile wel

comed him over Colombian

Radio from Pereira. She has

### meaning nut" (un loce de bus **USSR** optimistic about outcome of

BELGRADE, July 14 (R) The chief Soviet delegate to the Belgrade conference on East-West detente said today he was very optimistic about e successful outcome of the

meeting.
Mr. Yuii Vorontsov reported hreakthrough in talks with the United States and told reporters after a pleasty meeting: "We are working and have achieved very good results. I am very optimistic."

Western delegates said Mr. Vorontsov and U.S. chief delegate Albert Sherer had resched

gate Albert Sherer had reached basic agreement on several key issues at the preliminary meeting here to prepare for a fullscale review in the autumn of the 1975 Helsinki accord on European security and cooperation.

The accord covers East-West security, economic cooperation and human rights -- a dominant issue for the West which wants close scrutiny of the Soviet Bloc's record in this field

#### Bigger role suggested for non-European Mediterranean states at Belgrade meet

ter and drove off into Bogota

BELGRADE, July 14 (R). -Mediterranean countries said yesterday non-European states bordering the sea should have a significant role at the Belgrade European Security Con-ference, delegates reported. The call, from Spain and backed hy other states includ-ing Portugal, Yugoslavia and

Italy, suggested that non-European Mediterranean states should make a bigger contribution than was hitherto foreseen at the full-scale autumn conference. Senior delegates said that southern European countries

officially participating in the conference wanted the non-European countries bordering the Mediterranean to play a much more active role in the autumn gathering hy contrib-uting to discussions both in the plenary sessions and a special committee on problems in the

Malta said European security was intimately linked, to the situation in the Mediter-ranean. The Maltese were un-happy about the reluctance of many Eastern and Western

and 2.5 million Albanians is

indeed floundering, the latter will probably withdraw into friendless isolation.

With the vital pipeline of Chinese aid turned off, Alban-

ia's already impoverished eco-

nomy would be hard bit. Tira-

na figures recently showed the country fell largely short of

the targets set when the last

five-year plan began in 1971.

So far Peking has failed to make an open reply to the

Albanian accusations that it is

"distorting the truth and de-ceiving the penples" over its U.S. policy, or making "a flag-rant departure from the teach-

ings of Marxism-Leninism" in

ings of Marxism-Leninism" in its theory of "three worlds".

Last month, however, Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua spelled out Peking's ettitude to the capitalist European "second world" at a banquet for Italian Foreign Minister Assalds Foreign Minister Assalds Foreign

ign Minister Arnaldo Forlani. The developed second world

is uniting with the underdeveloped Third World to oppose "big power hegemonism" (China's codeword for Soviet expansionism), Mr. Huang

We are glad to note that

the call by various countries in West Europe for stronger

unity is getting louder and the unity among them has made

Tirana such support for ca-

pitalist powers is anti-revolu-

tionary anathema. According

to them there are only two

worlds, the unperialist exploi-

ters and the camp of the true socialist revolutionaries --

these days presumably only represented by the Albanians

To the radical purists in

progress," he added.

themselves.

countries to drag into the conference such complex issues as the Arab-Israeli conflict and Cyprus, delegates said. Malta is expected to come

up this week with more extensive proposals for the main conference, possibly including suggestions that the non-European Mediterranean countries should take part in the principal specialised committees dealing with the main sections of the Helsinki accords, according to diplomats.

Nearly everybody is afraid

of such a proposal, whee it would exacerbate the already complex issues dividing Est and West," commented one senior diplomat. "Most of the nine neutral countries don't want this either, whatever their sympathies might be," he

said. Delegates said that Polish chief delegate Marian Dobrosiciski told a closed working session yesterday that the East was willing to accept a limited role for the specialised com-

#### WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

#### Eritreans begin attack on Asmara

\* KHARTOUM, July 14 (AFP). — Guerrillas of the Eritrean Peo-ple'a Liberation Front (EPLF) have begun an attack on Assam, the provincial capital of Ethiopia's hreakaway Eritrean region, the Sudan news agency reported here yesterday. Fierce fighting was raging around the Kagnew communications station, near Asman, formerly operated by the United States, the Sudanese agency said.

#### U.K. parliament votes against Labour.

# LONDON, July 14 (AFP). - The Labour government was defeated in a parliamentary vote yesterday for the second time in two days, this time on a bill concerning the rights of arrested persons. By 89 votes to 86 the House of Commons approved a private member's bill authorising anyone arrested by the police and taken to a police station to get in touch with a third person. Home Secretary Merlyn Rees urged the house to await the conclusions of a Royal Commission looking into the subject. The bill was sponsored by a Labour member.

#### Anti-American protests hit Athens

\* ATHENS, July 14 (R). — A bomb today alightly damaged a building containing offices of the American Express Company in an outhreak of anti-American demonstrations. Earlier, an American professor's car was set ablaze outside his home in the centre of the Greek capital. Police also defused a bomb containing three kgs. of dynamite outside another American building in the city. No casualties were reported. The incidents were blamed on protestors against alleged U.S. support for the former military government which collapsed in July, 1974, and for alleged U.S. tolerance of the Turkish invasion of Cyprus in the same month.

#### Congress Party M.P.s stage protest

\* NEW DELHI, July 14 (R). — Congress Party members waited out of the Lok Sabha (lower house) today in protect at a remark by Home Minister Charan Singh that former Prime Minister ladira Gandhi's government had planned to kill opposition leader. Mr. Yeshwantrao Chavan, former Foreign Minister and leader of the connection Congress registers are residired as a leader of the connection Congress registers are residired. the opposition Congress parliamentary party, said it was a "tende-nious and malicious statement" and the home minister should either produce evidence to support the charge or withdraw The opposition walk out climaxed a 20-minute row during which M.P.s clashed verbally with the rolling January Party members. M.P.s clashed verbally with the ruling Januta Party met

#### Somali president in Saudi Arabia

& AMMAN, July 14 (R). - Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Fahi D AMMAN, July 14 (R). — Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Fabil IIII Abdul Aziz yesterday conferred with Somali President Mohammed Siad Barre, Riyadh Radio reported. The two-hour meeting was attended by Saudi Foreign Minister, Prince Saud Al Feisal, and Somali Minister of State at the Presidency, Col. Abdi Warsani Isaak, the radio said. The meeting was an extension of talks which began on Tuesday between the Somali president and King Khaled, the radio added. It quoted the Saudi Press Agency as saying the two sides reviewed current developments in the Middle Past and Africa. President Barre arrived in Jeddah on Tuesday on a visit to Saudi Arabia lasting a few days. to Saudi Arabia lasting a few days.

#### Soviet admiral dies "suddenly"

\* MOSCOW, July 14 (R). — Admiral Semyon Lobov, one of the Soviet Union's chief naval planners, has died aged 64, it was announced today. An obituary in the Communist Party daily Prayeds, signed by Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev and senior party and military figures, described his death as "sudden," but gave no details. In the gene al staff hisrarchy Admiral Lobov was effectively number two to naval Commundation. This admiral Sets. ely number two to naval Commander-in-Chief Admiral Serfel Gorshkov, and was widely tipped as a possible successor to him. Admiral Lobov rose swiftly in his carser and at 51 became, me of the youngest commanders in the Soviet Union's powerful northern flact.

